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[#20]

117th. Battalion EASTERN TOWNSHIPS CANADA

AUSTRALIA
NEW ZEALAND

WITH HEART AND HAND

1910 JANUARY						
SUN.	MON.	TUE.	WED.	THU.	FRI.	SAT.
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29

[#18]

FOURTH CANADIAN AIR PAGEANT MONTREAL AUG 19-20-21 1932

[#24]

Par François Crayé, Mayor de la Ville de Québec, en l'honneur de la Commémoration de la mort de l'illustre Patriote de France, le Général Jean-Baptiste Roberge, le 21 Mars 1800.

Cher Monsieur pour le plaisir de voyager et pour honorer la mémoire de ce vaillant soldat de la Patrie, le 21 Mars 1800, j'ai l'honneur de vous adresser un portrait en médaillon de ce héros de la Patrie, le Général Jean-Baptiste Roberge, le 21 Mars 1800, en l'honneur de la Commémoration de la mort de l'illustre Patriote de France, le Général Jean-Baptiste Roberge, le 21 Mars 1800.

Antoine Williams

[#1]

LE CANADIEN EMIGRANT.
 PAR
 DOUZE MISSIONNAIRES
 Une brochure de 128 p.

QUEBEC: Imprimerie GODEFROY et GIE. No. 100, rue St-Jacques. 1851.

[#31]

Cher Monsieur pour le plaisir de voyager et pour honorer la mémoire de ce vaillant soldat de la Patrie, le 21 Mars 1800, j'ai l'honneur de vous adresser un portrait en médaillon de ce héros de la Patrie, le Général Jean-Baptiste Roberge, le 21 Mars 1800, en l'honneur de la Commémoration de la mort de l'illustre Patriote de France, le Général Jean-Baptiste Roberge, le 21 Mars 1800.

Antoine Williams

- [1] **Canadien Emigrant, Le.** *Le Canadien Emigrant, par Douze Missionnaires Des townships de l'Est. "Rien n'est si beau que son pays."*
 With: A facsimile reprint produced several years ago.
 Québec: Imprimerie-Coté et Cie. 1851. 46 p. 12mo. Printed pict. front wrap. with previous owner's name, J.O. Filteau (Quebec bookseller) written at top, lacks back wrap. Removed from a bound volume, o/w fine. T.P.L. 3152. Gagnon I, 678. T.P.L. 3152. Gagnon 678. \$750.00

A sub-title on page 1, *Pourquoi le Canadien-Français quitte-il le Bas-Canada?* questions the reasons French-Canadians are leaving Lower Canada for the United States, and promotes the Eastern Townships as a profitable area to colonize. T.P.L., quoting Gagnon, states that the *Abbe Charles Trudelle, 1822-1904, has been associated with this production.* Gagnon is more specific: *On lui donne pour l'auteur. L'Abbe Chs. Turcotte.*

- [2] **Chandler, E(rastus).** *A few things in verse and prose.*
 Montreal: Lovell Printing and Publishing Co. 1877. 124 p. 8vo. Presentation copy from the author to his niece. Blue cloth with gilt title and embellishments to front cover. Cloth with minor wear, corners bumped; author's messy inked correction affecting 3 lines on p. 96 with notation at bottom; small corrections also made to pages 42 and 59. Overall v.g. Watters, p. 220. \$125.00

The author dedicated the work to his friends and acquaintances and dates it at Stanbridge, October 18, 1877.

- [3] **[Chisholme, David (ed.)].** *The Canadian magazine, and literary repository.*
 Montreal: Printed by N. Mower. 1823. Vol. I with a preface, t.p. and frontis. engraving protected by tissue guard. 575, (1) p. 8vo. Later black cloth. Three rubber stamps of the N.Y. Athenaeum on verso of frontis. and tissue guard; frontis. with water stain to l.l. corner and a smaller stain at t.l. corner; verso also affected by same water stain; a few pages misnumbered but volume is complete in six numbers. Overall v.g.-fine. \$750.00

The Canadian Magazine offered "Original Papers", the first titled *The fur trade of Canada*, composed of 38 pages in installments from No. 2-No. 6. Another "Original Paper" was *Montreal*, portions of which occurred in each of the six issues, and concerned the history of the city, from the beginning, ending with the War of 1812. Each issue of the Canadian Magazine consists of 96 pages, and the first is accompanied by an engraved allegorical frontis. by Leney, which however is dampstained. An important early Canadian periodical with much original material, including literary matter.

- [4] **[Christie, A.J. (ed.)].** *The Canadian magazine, and literary repository.*
 Montreal: Printed by N. Mower. 1825. Vol. IV. 575, (1) p. 8vo. Later black cloth. Volume is incomplete as each number, from nos. xix to xxiv, is missing pages at end: pp. 81-96 missing; pp. 177-192 missing; pp. 265-288 missing; pp. 369-384 missing; pp. 465-480 missing. Contents v.g.-fine. \$250.00

The sections lacking from this volume contain material on Parliamentary proceedings, foreign and Canadian news, army news, provincial appointments, and obituaries and marriage announcements.

- [5] **Cuisset, Oct.** *Le Père Coulange ou entretiens sur la culture et la préparation du tabac.*
 Quebec: Imprimerie A. Coté et Cie. 1876. Owner's name, J.O. Filteau, Quebec bookseller, on t.p. 30, (1) p. 16mo. Tan printed wraps. with a small ill. of a tobacco farmer; lacking back wrap; front wrap. a very thin almost tissue like paper, o/w v.g.-fine. Not in Gagnon, Dionne. \$200.00
- [6] **Forbes, Guillaume (Archbishop of Ottawa).** *Notes historiques sur la famille Raizenne recueillies par Son Exc. Mgr. Guillaume Forbes, Archevêque d'Ottawa, l'un des membres distingués de cette famille d'apôtres et de patriotes.*
 n.p. December, 1932. 79 p. Fold-out family tree. 8vo. Half cloth/marbled boards. Two small tears to marbled paper along edge of front cover, o/w fine. Not in Beaulieu and Hamelin. \$175.00

- [7] Herzig, Rev. L. *Sidur Lachasanim. Erech Tefila. First Part. Kabalath Shabath 12 pages music. Composed and Copyrighted by Rev. L. Herzig.*
Published by Queen Printing Co. Montreal. 1915. 12, (1) loose page. 30.5 x 23 cm. Some chipping around edges of wraps.; wraps. with many crude repairs made to the interior using bits of white paper tape; single loose leaf also with chipping around edges and similar repairs made to blank verso; short tears (partly repaired) in one place through all leaves. Fair-good overall with no loss of text. \$450.00

No other copies are known of this, probably the first ever published work of Hebraic music in Canada. In an article by Brad Sabin Hill, Chief Librarian, Yivo Institute, N.Y., titled, Early Hebrew Printing in Canada, his note #41 on page 345 states: Another early Canadian publication on Jewish liturgical and Yiddish music is the booklet of Hebrew and Yiddish cantorial selections by Rabbi L. Herzig, Sidur Lahazanim (sic), issued by Queen Printing Co. in Montreal in 1915, of which a unique copy was discovered by Eiran Harris, and is listed in his record.

- [8] Hochelaga. *Compagnie d'Assurance Mutuelle Contre le Feu d'Hochelaga. Instructions pour les agents. Taux pour assurances.*
Montreal: Burland-Desbarats, Lithographers. n.d., ca. 1879. 21 p.16mo. Pale mauve wraps. Small tear to front at spine; couple of small inked notations within text; back wrap. with inked notation regarding court case, dated 1879, o/w v.g.-fine. Not in Beaulieu and Hamelin. \$125.00

The company existed at least as early as 1877.

- [9] Hodder-Williams, Ralph. *Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry: 1914-1919.*
Hodder & Stoughton Ltd. London, Toronto. 1923. 2 vols. 411, 391 p. Vol. I with 7 photographic plates including frontis (each with tissue guard); also with 11 folding maps including one in pocket at back. Vol. II with colour drawing of the Regiment's banner pasted in as frontis. Red cloth, dust jackets present. Both vols. fine. Dust jackets somewhat soiled with short tears at top and bottom edges, these defects slightly more prominent in Vol. I. \$275.00
- [10] Hubbard, B.F. (comp.). *Forests and Clearings. The History of Stanstead County, Province of Quebec, with sketches of more than five hundred families.*
Montreal: Lovell Printing & Publishing Company. 1874. Owner's name on front fly leaf. Frontis. photo. portrait of Col. Benjamin Pomeroy (tissue guard present). viii, 367 p. Ill. with six other albumen photographic portraits and another of the Methodist Church in Stanstead Plain, full page woodcut of the Wesleyan College and full page R.R. map, all with tissue guards. 8vo. Original dark green cloth, gilt stamped; spine worn and split (front and back) and frayed at top, bottom portion (2 mm.) chipped away; some discolouring to front and back covers, corners rubbed. Photographs are slightly faded, as usual. This book is a good candidate for restoration as the interior is clean but for a few pen and pencil notations on pages 119 and 133. \$750.00

Very scarce when all photographic portraits are present. The book was re-issued on several occasions with diminishing amount of portraits.

- [11] Huron and Erie Loan and Savings Company of London, Ontario, Canada. *Issue of four and one-half Per Cent. Debentures. Prospectus.* With: Another, but *Issue of Five Per Cent. Debentures. Prospectus.*
Free Press Printing Co., London, Ont. (1885). Both 23 p. 8vo. First pamphlet with enclosures (printed greeting letter describing brief history of the Company and purpose of pamphlet; application form for debentures). Covers of first pamphlet slightly dusty and little foxed near edges, also with a small tape residue at top of front, o/w v.g. Second pamphlet with similar foxing, o/w fine. Both \$175.00

The prospectuses both contain the Company's 21st Annual Report as well as information on the purchase of debentures. The Huron and Erie Loan and Savings Co. was established in 1864; it later became the Canada Trust company.

- [12] **La Guêpe, Echo de Montreal.** Volumes III and IV of this bi-weekly periodical. (Montreal). Cerat & Bourguignon, Printers and Owners (until vol. 3, no. 55); Pierre Cerat, Printer and Owner (vol. 3 no. 56-end). January 10, 1860 - December 27, 1861. Vol. 3 with 100 nos., Vol. 4 with 99 nos. Each number is 4 p. Vol. 3 sequence jumps from no. 1 to 4 (nos. 2 and 3 not present), but no. 1 is dated Jan. 10 and no. 4 dated Jan. 13, therefore no numbers are missing; as well, there are two no. 19's, but again this is a printing error as the issues in question are not duplicates. Vol. 4 with one numbering error, viz. there are two no. 47's, but they are different issues and not duplicates. Both volumes are bound together and measures 38 x 26.5 cm. Binding loose and scuffed; Vol. 3, no. 1 with a 2 inch tear from first leaf, loss of text; Vol. 3, no. 93, horizontal split across first leaf, no loss of text; Vol. 4, no. 87, corner tear of three inches, no loss of text. Beaulieu & Hamelin, p. 210, note that Vol. IV, no. 98 (Dec. 24, 1861) jumps to Vol. V, no 31 (Dec. 22, 1866). This is incorrect as Vol. IV, no 99 (Dec. 27, 1861) is present in this volume. \$450.00

La Guêpe was a journal of humour, general news and gossip.

- [13] **Numismatic and Antiquarian Society of Montreal.** *The Canadian antiquarian and numismatic journal; published quarterly by the ...*
 Montreal: Daniel Rose, Printer. (1875). Vol. IV. Nos. 1-4. 192 p. A coloured lithograph of the Military General Service medal with bars for Chateauguay, Fort Detroit, and Chrysler's Farm serves as the frontis. to the vol., no doubt to accompany an article by R.W. McLachlan on the Candian Medals of the War of 1812 (pp. 122-130). 8vo. Half leather/marbled boards. Some wear to covers: leather worn down in spots, marbled paper abraded in spots; front cover detached; owner's label pasted to front fly leaf which has small piece torn at t.r. corner; contents fine. \$125.00
- [14] **Numismatic and Antiquarian Society of Montreal.** *The Canadian antiquarian and numismatic journal; published quarterly by the ...*
 Montreal: Daniel Rose, Printer. (1876). Vol. V. Nos. 1-4. 196 p. Frontis. plate (ill. of Catholic Commercial Academy, Montreal, medal). 8vo. Half leather/marbled boards. Some wear to covers: leather worn down in spots, marbled paper abraded in spots; owner's label pasted to front fly leaf; contents fine. \$125.00

Contains five engravings from the original plates of Cuvillier & Sons shin plasters (3 d., 6 d., 1 s., 15 d., 30 d.). The volumes both contain numerous articles of numismatic and historical interest, and this is the first periodical of its type published in Canada. Complete volumes of the first and second series are offered infrequently.

- [15] **The True Witness and Catholic Chronicle.** Volumes I to VIII bound in four volumes.
 Montreal. George Edward Clerk (editor). Aug. 16, 1850 - July 30, 1858 (Vol. VIII, no. 51). 52 issues per vol.; each number is 8 p. Vols. measure from 46.5 x 32 cm. to 52 x 36.5 cm. Condition of vols. as follows:
 Vol. I & 2 bound together in marbled boards/leather spine which are dusty, chipped and with full length tape repair at spine. Spine with original label indicating contents. Vol. I, no. 35 lacks last leaf; Vol. I, no. 38 has small tears on two leaves, apparently no loss; Vol. I, no. 40 lacks last leaf; Vol. I, no 44 has large piece torn from leaf 3/4; Vol. I, no. 48 has couple of small holes (loss of only a few letters); Vol. II, no. 48 complete, but misbound (5/6 switched with 3/4). Vol. 3 & 4 bound together in marbled boards/leather spine which are dusty and slightly chipped at edges. Front board detached along with first leaf; front board also with relatively small loss of marbled paper at bottom. Spine with original label indicating contents. Vol. III, no. 1 has two pages (one leaf) only, so incomplete; Vol. V, no. 2 is bound in here (first leaf detached); Vol. III, no. 33 has small hole affecting two words, and another ink stain obliterating a couple of words; Vol. III, no. 44 has tape repairs - no loss; Vol. IV, no 7 has tape repair on p. 5, 6, 7, no loss. Vol. 5 & 6 bound together in marbled boards/leather spine which are dusty, chipped and with full length tape repair at spine; front cover detached along with first leaf. Spine with original label indicating contents. Vol. V, no. 1, first page creased and little ragged at b.r. corner; following two leaves also a little ragged in same place; Vol. V, no. 1, large tape repair on p. 3, all pages with folds, tear at top of p. 3 (no loss); Vol. V, no. 2 bound in Vol. III as previously noted: Vol. V, no. 4, small piece torn from leaf 7/8; Vol. V, no. 16, small hole eliminating a couple of words; Vol. V, no. 45, leaf 7/8 torn (no loss); Vol. VI, no. 1, leaf 7/8 torn (no loss); Vol. VI, no. 2, lacking leaf 7/8. Vol. 7 & 8 bound together in marbled boards but lacking leather spine. Boards are detached and paper little chipped; front board with some water damage causing some splitting and buckling. Front and back fly leaves with some water damage; Vol. VII, no. 31, small tape repair, no loss; Vol. VII, no. 38 with ad

cut out from 1 page; Vol. VII, no. 38, clippings from two leaves; Vol. VII, no. 40 is lacking; Vol. VII, nos. 51 & 52 are lacking; Vol. VIII, no. 14, lacks p.3-6; Vol. VIII, no. 15 is lacking; Vol. VIII, no. 22 has hole bottom leaf 5/6 eliminating three words; Vol. VIII, no 52 is lacking. Apart from above mentioned imperfections, the contents of the volumes are generally very good. Five of 208 issues are lacking and other defects which affect approximately thirty pages range from small holes and creases to pages lacking (8). The first eight years of this periodical. \$1200.00

Clerk's objective was *To explain what are the doctrines of the Catholic Church and what her teaching to her children ...* He edited the *Chronicle* from 1850 to 1875.

Ephemera

- [16] **British and North American Mining Association.** Prospectus of the ... London. 1855. E. Couchman, Printer (Throgmorton St., London). 3 p. and docket. Bottom of last page contains short form used to purchase shares in the company (unused). Folio. Short tears along middle fold (left and right sides); docketed page slightly soiled, o/w v.g. Sabin 8087. \$200.00

Details the advantages of this company and its recently acquired mines - the Coal Hill Mine, the Victoria Lead Mines, the Bedford Mines. Includes excerpts of reports on the mines from agent, Capt. John Dunkin and geologist, Prof. J.D. Whitney. The Coal Hill mine was located in St. Lawrence County, N.Y., the Victoria Mines were located in the state of New York, 5 miles from the Canadian border, and the Bedford Mines were located near Kingston and Lake Ontario.

- [17] **Canada Decalcomania Co. Ltd.** Colour decal depicting a shield draped by a Union Jack (left), and Naval Ensign bearing coat-of-arms of Canada (right); a maple leaf in center with inscription *Sixty Years of Confederation: 1867-1927* partly covers the flags and touches a beaver on log at top. **With:** Unused sheet of Canada Decalcomania Co. Ltd. stationery with a depiction of the Company's office and works on King St., Toronto. Toronto. (1927). 16 x 16.5 cm. Decal is v.g.-fine; stationery sheet fine. \$75.00

- [18] **Canadian Air Pageant.** Decal for the *Fourth Canadian Air Pageant / Montreal Aug. 19-20-21, 1932*; a silver-red-blue-black decal fashioned in the shape of a cloud, depicting a winged pilot in center. 8.4 x 13.8 cm. Little creased with 3 small tears at top (no loss). Overall good-v.g. \$125.00

The Canadian Air Pageant was organized by the Montreal Light Aeroplane Club and held at the St. Hubert airport which was located across from Montreal on the south shore. The airport had been in operation since 1928.

- [19] **Canadian Shredded Wheat Co. Ltd. Menu. Complimentary Banquet by the ... to Presbyterian Church. Warton. Tuesday Evening, May 12th, '08.** (4) p. Card stock. 22.8 x 13.4 cm. Menu with creases from two horizontal folds. Good-v.g. \$85.00

Menu contains chromolithographic illustrations on front and back. Interior with programme featuring ten musical performances as well as menu items listed (*Creamed Chicken in Shredded Wheat Baskets, Cold Ham, Triscuit, Shredded Wheat Ice Cream, etc.*). The Canadian Shredded Wheat Co. was established at Niagara Falls, Ontario, in 1904.

- [20] **Eastern Townships. 117th Batallion C.E.F.** Decorated purple felt banner with hand-painted (color) image of Britannia surrounded by military figures representing Australia, New Zealand, India, South Africa, and Canada. A complete paper calendar for 1916 is stitched to the felt at bottom and a separate felt strip is present at top which bears the inscription *117th Battalion C.E.F. Eastern Townships Canada*. A metal loop for hanging is present at top. 41 x 28 cm. A few worm holes around edges not affecting any images or lettering; bottom edge little ragged and lacking small piece. Overall v.g. \$275.00

[21] **Eastern Townships. 117th Batallion C.E.F.** Decorated green felt banner with hand-painted (color) arms of Great Britain supporting St. Andrew's jack and naval blue ensign; below, on a scroll, the slogan *The Nation That Keeps Its Word*; between flags a sun with rays around which *The (sun) Never Sets On The British Empire*. A separate strip of felt at top bears inscription *117th Battalion C.E.F. Eastern Townships Canada*. A metal loop for hanging is present at top. 42 x 28 cm. Four decorative slits diagonally cut through the felt one along each flagpole and two above the rayed sun. Small piece lacking a top right of felt strip, o/w fine. \$250.00

[22] **Grand Trunk Railway System.** Certificate acknowledging successful completion of examinations for the position of locomotive engineer with the Company. With: Railway spike stamped with the letters "GTR".
British American Bank Note Co. Ottawa. October 31, 1918. 22 x 32 cm. Framed. Fine. \$325.00

The certificate is named to Hugh Lawrence Lister and signed by the Superintendent of Motive Power, E.R. Battley, and the Instructor of Enginemen, F. Cazell. It features an attractive illustration of a speeding train at the upper left corner.

Manuscripts

[23] **[Alexander, Sir James Edward].** Autograph letter in secretarial hand, signed J.E. Alexander, to Mr. Bowfield of Messrs. Gibb & Co.
Montreal. July 11, 1854. 2 p. 18.7 x 11.7 cm. Very good-fine. \$375.00

An interesting communication presumably to an employee at the firm of Gibb & Co., the Montreal tailoring firm, written by an aid to Sir J.E. Alexander, forwarding his wishes for modifications to the uniforms of an unnamed military regiment. The letter was originally accompanied by a book of *new American uniforms*, undoubtedly for reference. The writer provides Alexander's ideas on how to proceed on making the cuffs of a frock to represent various military ranks (General, Colonel, Lt. Col., etc.). He makes a small sketch as an example. he also indicates Alexander's desire to acquire a pair of common brass American Dragon spurs from New York and makes another small sketch to illustrate what he wants.

Sir James Edward Alexander, 1803-1885, was appointed to the staff of the commander-in-chief of the forces in Canada in 1841. He served in Canada until 1855.

[24] **[American Revolution].** A.D.s. by François Baby, Gabriel-Elzéar Taschereau, and Jenkin Williams, being a nomination of Paul Rainville as Captain in the Canadian Militia.
Beauport. May 25, 1776. 1 p. 32.5 x 20.2 cm. Signatories' paper seals are present. Paper watermarked with a lion within crowned double oval. Verso with two old tape repairs along folds; small tear at top, and very small piece lacking not affecting text. Overall v.g. \$1500.00

François Baby (1733-1820), Gabriel-Elzéar Tashereau (1745-1809) and Jenkin Williams (ca. 1734-1819) were appointed by Guy Carleton to investigate possible sympathies of militia officers for the American rebels and to replace them with new officers. This investigation began three days prior to the signing of Rainville's commission. This is the original Rainville commission.

[25] **[Anticosti Island].** A.L.s. from W.H.B. Thomas to Prof. William (Graham) Sumner at New Haven, New Jersey.
Morse Building, New York. August 10, 1889. 3 ½ p. 21.7 x 14 cm. Fine. \$300.00

Thomas writes to Sumner as part of a group trying to purchase Anticosti Island which they intend to develop and then sell to the American government. He requests Sumner's assistance and influence to help them with their object. At the end of the letter he requests copies of Sumner's publications to add to his collection which contains *130,000 pamphlets, books, maps, mss. and documents ... the largest (collection) in the U.S.* The group represented by W.H.B. Thomas never bought the Island. It was purchased a few years later in 1895 by French millionaire, Henri Menier, for the price of \$125,000. Menier was searching for an island to purchase as a personal fishing and hunting ground, and Anticosti apparently fit the bill. A secondary goal of his was to colonize and develop the Island's meager resources. He succeeded in bringing some improvements to the relatively barren

island, but Menier was not very well liked by the natives, especially those of Fox Bay whom he succeeded in expelling to Manitoba. Menier died in 1913 and his plans for the Island were not continued.

W.H.B. Thomas was a professor and collector from Philadelphia. William Sumner was a professor at Yale University, and the author of a number of books on currency, banking and commerce.

- [26] **Armstrong, Lawrence.** Autograph document, unsigned, being a contemporary copy, titled on docket, *Observations concerning Nova Scotia made by Lt. Coll. Armstrong.*
n.p. ca. 1725. 3 p. Folio (37 x 23.4 cm.). Some old tape reinforcements to left side; old tape repairs in three other places - when removed these do not appear to leave any residue. Very good. \$2000.00

Lieut.-Col. Armstrong sets forth, in seven paragraphs, the advantages to Great Britain of colonizing Nova Scotia. He discusses the quality of its resources, principally cod fishing and other fisheries, but also mentions the island's abundance of timber which can be employed for shipbuilding and construction of homes, as well as the fertility of its soil which produces good wheat, barley, "rice pease", beans, etc. He states the province would become an important trading partner for Great Britain and could also become a major supplier for the Royal Navy. In closing, Armstrong comments on the problem of Nova Scotia's French inhabitants, about 800 families, and their influence over the native population whom they supply with arms and ammunition and other goods *in lieu of which they get from them all the Furr trade to themselves, and makes those Indians the Instruments of all the robberys & mischiefs that is committed, against the subjects of Great Britain ...* If Great Britain was to colonize the province, Armstrong suggests that fortifications would need to be erected near harbours and large settlements. This document is referred to, and partly quoted, in Shortt's *Documents Relating to Currency, Exchange and Finance in Nova Scotia ...*, Ottawa, 1933, pages 169-170. The copy from which the quote was taken had been enclosed in a letter to the Duke of Newcastle on September 5, 1725. Our document was exhibited at the Armoury in Montreal on April 17, 1956, and entered in the published catalogue.

Lawrence Armstrong was born in 1664 and was the Lieutenant-Governor of Nova Scotia from 1724/25-1739. He committed suicide at Annapolis Royal on December 6, 1739.

- [27] **Beaverbrook, Lord (William Maxwell Aitken, 1st Baron Beaverbrook).** T.L.s., Beaverbrook, addressed to Albert Werenfels at Montreal. With: Catalogue from the Beaverbrook Art Gallery in Fredericton, N.B.
On Hotel Admiral Beatty stationery, Saint John, N.B. October 30, 1958. 1 p. 8vo. Couple of folds, o/w fine. Catalogue undated. 7 p. Narrow 4to. Very good-fine. \$150.00

Lord Beaverbrook thanks Mr. Werenfels for his donation of a painting by Alexander Colville and remarks that it will hang in a prominent place in the gallery, attributed to your own generosity. The painting titled, *Railroad over the Marsh* is listed in the Beaverbrook Art Gallery catalogue.

- [28] **Bouchette, Joseph.** Autograph letter in secretarial hand, signed by Jos. Bouchette, to Capt. Richard Smith at Meduxnekeig (Meduxnekeag).
Park's House (Maine). August 15, 1817. 2 p. (2 l.) plus address panel. Remnant of red wax seal; folded three times, o/w v.g. \$650.00

Bouchette finds his provisions are running low and dispatches an Indian to request the forwarding of the required supplies. A postscript states that if Col. Bouchette's sketch book was found, to have it brought back by the Indian who was to return immediately after delivery of the letter. Meduxnekeig is located near Woodstock, New Brunswick and Park's House near Houlton, Aroostook, Maine.

In the spring of 1817 Bouchette went with some American surveyors to the source of the St Croix River. The boundary between New Brunswick and Maine was to be laid out from this point. He then handed the commissioners a voluminous report for which he was much praised. [DCB]. Joseph Bouchette, 1774-1841, was Surveyor-general of Lower Canada from 1804-1841.

- [29] [Bouchette, Joseph]. A.L.s. to Bouchette at Quebec from Thomas Murdoch, the Governor General's chief secretary. Government House. Montreal. September 28, 1840. 1 1/4 p. (2 l.) plus address panel and docket. 31.5 x 19.8 cm. Paper watermarked with J & M / 1837 with Britannia. Remnant of red wax seal; some tears along folds; two small pieces torn from second leaf with no loss of text. Good overall. \$450.00

Concerns the reception of documents prepared by Bouchette for the Boundary Commission at New York.

- [30] [Bytown]. Manuscript document being a petition to organize a meeting of the town's inhabitants to discuss *the propriety of raising a subscription for the purchase of a fire Engine and other purposes connected therewith*. Bytown. July 21, 1836. 1 1/4 p. (2 l.). 31.5 x 19.2 cm. Folded three times, o/w v.g.-fine. \$350.00

Written and signed by Justice of the Peace, Simon Fraser, the document includes the signatures of nineteen inhabitants of Bytown. The second page contains a draft for a notice, also in the hand of Fraser, stating that the requested meeting will be held at the court house on the 23rd of the same month, and the topic for discussion will be *to devise the means of purchasing a fire engine and forming a fire club*. The signatories are: W. Burton, Geo. R. Burke, Charles C. Thompson, Henry Bishoprick, Watson Litle, Jacob Dennison, George Patterson, J.B.M. Dupuis, Wm. Stewart, William Tornay, Thos. Cameron, C. Sparrow, John Barreille, J.B. Omier, J.B. Lavoie, John Litle, James Inglis, W. Northgraves and Geo. Baker.

Many of the petitioners can be found in William Pittman Lett's work titled, *Recollections of Bytown and its old inhabitants* (Ottawa, 1874). It puts together in the form of a long poem the author's reminiscences of the people and events of the early days of Bytown.

And Henry Bishoprick, a wise man,
Who acted druggist and exciseman,
And seized at loaded pistol's muzzle
Contrabandistas, who could puzzle

And Charles Sparrow, where, oh, where
Is he who once was Bytown's Mayor

On Sussex Street, James Inglis flourish'd,
A cannie Scot, and well he nourish'd
A very thriving dry goods trade,
And "piles" of good hard silver made

And now I'll close my roll of fame

With a most well-remember'd name,
A man of dignity supreme
Rises to view in memory's dream,
Ultra in Toryism's tariff,
Was Simon Fraser, Carleton's Sheriff,
Personified by the third vowel,
Forerunner of W.F. Powell,
A high and most important man
In the renown'd old Fraser Clan,
Who well had worn the Highland tartan,
For he was bold as any Spartan,
And did his duty mildly, gravely,
And wore the sword and cocked hat bravely

- [31] [Chambly, Fort]. Letter book of the Fort's Barrack Master, Peter Murta, written between February 4, 1815 and June 18, 1819.

158 complete letters on 191 pages, plus 20 pages containing an inventory of letters received between 1814 and 1819. 23.3 x 18.5 cm. 60 leaves cut out from the letterbook; quite a few pages affected by a child's pencilled scribbings, many of which are in blank portions, but some done over the letters; ink quite faded on a few pages; sewn sections and inserted in a green cloth slipcase was made to house it, but original leather covers present but detached from the contents.

\$1100.00

Pages are numbered contemporaneously in ink, but towards the end in pencil, possibly somewhat later. The pagination is not orderly, skipping around a fair amount but serves to indicate the quantity of pages which constituted the letter book in its original state - the last pencilled number being 353. Despite the condition issues, this is a very important artifact which dates towards the end of the War of 1812. Other than the 158 complete letters there are a number of incomplete letters due to the aforesaid removal of leaves. The contents of Murta's letter book relate to the day to day workings of the Fort which includes accounting, ordering of supplies, management of duties, overlooking of repairs, etc.

The Fort, located on the Richelieu River near modern day Chambly, Quebec, was first established in 1665 when it was constructed by Jacques de Chambly and was then known as Fort Saint-Louis. In 1709 it was converted to a stone fort and in 1760 was captured by the British, and subsequently by the Americans early in 1775, but reverted back to British possession the following year. The Fort was vastly expanded during the War of 1812 and by 1851 was abandoned as it fell into disrepair. By 1921 the site had become a National Historic Park.

[32] Chien d'Or (Golden Dog), Quebec. Group of eleven manuscript and partially printed documents pertaining to the property of the Chien d'Or in Quebec City. \$6500.00

- [1] A.D.s. by Joseph Plante concerning a Freemason's fund to purchase the Chien d'Or property from Mme. Prenties. Quebec. September 17, 1787 (copy made October 10, 1804). 24 p. Folio. Document with old folds which are flattening out, o/w v.g.
- [2] A.D.s. by Joseph Plante being a sale by decree of Andrew Cameron's house (Chien d'Or) to George Pozer. Also signed by Henry Caldwell who acknowledges receipt of amount from Pozer for the lods et ventes due to the government. Quebec. November 3, 1804. 7 p. Folio. Tear along center fold of last leaf slightly affecting a couple of words; no other loss. Good to v.g.
- [3] A.D.s. signed by notaries Ed. Tessier and John Childs being a copy of George Pozer's will. Pozer's grandson, George Alford, inherited the majority of his property including the Chien d'Or. (Quebec). April 29, 1848. 11 p. Folio. Some short tears along folds; 3/4 length section from last leaf torn away along fold thus requiring simple repair; overall good with no loss of text.
- [4] Printed/ms. document being a contract between George Alford and Louis Basile Pinguet, the latter who loaned Alford 1200 livres and has taken the Chien d'Or property as security. Quebec. May 31, 1850. 2 p. and docket. Folio. Very good.
- [5] Printed/ms. document being a contract between George Alford and Louis Basile Pinguet. Regards another loan made by the latter to Alford (800 livres). November 12, 1851. 2 p. and docket. Folio. Second leaf split along fold (no loss of text). Good overall.
- [6] Printed/ms. document being a deed of lease from George Alford to the Quebec Provident and Savings Bank for leasing the westerly half of Freemason's Hall (Chien d'Or). Quebec. January 29, 1852. 3 p. and docket. Folio. Very good-fine.
- [7] Printed/ms. document being a deed of lease from George Alford to the Post Office Department for leasing the westerly half of Freemason's Hall (also Chien d'Or). Quebec. January 30, 1852. 3 p. and docket. Folio. Very good-fine.
- [8] Printed/ms. document being a contract of a loan (obligation) between Pinguet and Alford for the sum of 800 livres to be repaid by the latter in 1858 and giving the Chien d'Or property as security. Quebec. March 24, 1853. 2 p. and docket. Folio. Very good-fine.
- [9] A.D.s. being George Alford's repayment of a loan of 800 livres to the widow of John Neilson. (Quebec). March 24, 1853. 1 1/4 p. and docket. Folio. Document with tape repair along center tear which is a little chipped causing minor loss of text.
- [10] A.D.s. being the sale of the Chien d'Or property by George Alford to the government (Post Office) for the sum of 4000 livres. (Quebec). September 6, 1853. 8 p. and docket. Folio. Very good.
- [11] Contemporary copy of a letter from Charles M. Defoy, notary, to the Hon. J. Chabot, Commissioner-in-Chief of Public Works, answering questions regarding laws relating to properties of Notre-Dame de Quebec. He refers to Philibert as having built the Chien d'Or. Quebec. December 6, 1853. 3 p. and docket. Folio. Very good.

This series of documents traces the owners of the Chien d'Or house with its famous plaque, from 1787 to 1853.

The original Chien d'Or house was built sometime between 1685 and 1688 by Dr. Timothée Roussel, a surgeon of Quebec. The stone plaque with the carved enigmatic inscription and avaricious was likely installed to reference a violent feud which had occurred between Roussel and his neighbor, resulting in the killing of Roussel's dog by that neighbour. Dr. Roussel died in 1700, and the next notice of the property known as Le Chien d'Or occurred in 1734 when Nicholas Jacquin dit Philibert purchased it. Philibert made additions and alterations to the property and added a small stone with the date 1736 to indicate the changes which had been made in that year. This is the man and the property that is dealt with in Kirby's novel, *The Golden Dog*, a setting he had developed based on readings of Bourne, Hawkins, and LeMoine, thus creating an anachronistic, and really, incomplete account of the famous stone house and its inhabitants. After Philibert was slain by Le Gardeur de Repentigny in 1748, the property was transferred to his widow who sold it to her eldest son, Nicholas Jaquin Philibert in 1764 for the sum of 11,720 livres. The property came into the hands of Francois Dambourges, (later Colonel Dambourges during the American invasion of the city) by sale from Philibert, Jr. in 1768. In 1771 Le Chien d'Or was seized from Dambourges and sold based on a judgement of the Court of Common Pleas at the suit of Charles Berthelot. This was the man after whom the old market was

named, and perhaps the Charles Berthelot that married Timothee Roussel's daughter in 1727. The property was adjudicated to Jean Renaud and his creditors in 1773 and he advertised it in the Quebec Gazette in 1775. It was purchased by the occupier of the property, hotelkeeper, Miles Prenties in 1777. Being a Freemason, meetings of Lodge 23 continued to meet there, as they had since 1771, and it was a general gathering place for Freemasons. Richard Montgomery who later became General Montgomery in the American Revolutionary Army and who met his fate at Quebec on New Year's eve, 1775 was one of the distinguished guests of the house. The Chien d'Or, it is traditionally stated, also welcomed then Captain Horatio Nelson in the summer of 1782, and it is possibly there that he met and became infatuated with Mary Simpson. The widow Prenties (Prentice?) sold the property to the Merchant's Lodge No. 1 of the Freemasons in 1787 for a thousand pounds, and the first document in this collection, copied on October 10, 1804, documents that transaction which occurred originally on September 17, 1787. The widow Prenties netted a mere fifty-six pounds, three shillings, and six pence.

- [33] [Elmsley Sr., John]. Land grant between Mary Elmsley, widow of Chief Justice of Lower Canada, John Elmsley, her son, John Elmsley and Captain John Simcoe Macaulay.
York (U.C.). March 24, 1832. Indenture on two large vellum sheets measuring 57 x 71.5 cm., with three red seals with signatures present, one for Mary Elmsley, another for John Elmsley, the third is unsigned. Approx. 4 cm. tear at top of first sheet; items are folded, o/w fine. \$500.00

The land in question, lots in York and the Township of Pickering, was part of Mary Elmsley's inheritance after her husband's passing in 1805. The document is an indenture wherein Mary Elmsley transacts by sale, grant and bargain, the aforementioned lots to her son for the sum of £1316.7, after which the son, John, gives rights to the use of the lots in York to Capt. Macaulay. The document was registered by York County's registrar, Samuel Smith Ridout.

John Simcoe Macaulay was Elmsley, Senior's son-in-law, having married his daughter in 1825. The DCB states that he and Macaulay were granted the lots in question by Lieut.-Gov. Simcoe, and that in 1825 *the two holdings had been reapportioned, so that Macaulay gained the Lot Street frontage to both lots.* Macaulay's grant was located at the corner of Yonge and Lot (Queen) streets. Macaulay was born in 1791 in England and arrived in Upper Canada the following year. He was educated in England but returned to Canada and settled in Toronto in 1835. He became a soldier, achieving the rank of Colonel in a militia battalion in 1837. He became a member of the Legislative Council of united Canada but returned to England in 1843 where he died twelve years later. John Elmsley, Jr., was born in York, Upper Canada in 1801 and lived there until his death in 1863. He was a naval officer and had commanded a ship during the 1837 Rebellion. He was also a member of the Executive Council of Upper Canada..

- [34] Haldimand, Sir Frederick. Letter signed Fred. Haldimand, inscribed "duplicate" and "No. 9", addressed to the Earl of Shelburne (William Petty-FitzMaurice, Prime Minister of G.B.).
Quebec, August 17, 1782. 1 1/4 p. Folio. Watermarked Pro Patria. With second blank leaf, docketed "Haldimand" in pencil, and watermarked T. French. Fine. \$1000.00

Regards the applications made by the *Commissioners for Executing the Office of Chief Justice in this Province* to receive their salaries which had been delayed for an extended period. Their salaries weren't paid the reason for which is explained in this document: *... having been directed by a Letter from the Minister dated 21st April 1779 to Pay Mr. Livius the Salary as Chief Justice and at the same time informed that he was ordered to Return to this Province, in constant expectation of his arrival, I delayed complying with the Request of these Gentlemen, or Submitting their claims to the Minister, which in Justice to them I can no longer do - and as I do not think proper to order Payment of so large a sum as their Salary as accumulated to, without Your Lordships approbation, I think it my duty to submit the Propriety of it to Your Lordship's Consideration, particularly as I have every reason to be satisfied with their conduct in the Discharge of that Office ...* Peter Livius was appointed Chief Justice of the province in August, 1776, but left the province for London on July 31, 1778, to contest his dismissal by Guy Carleton. He was restored to office in March, 1779, but never returned to Quebec. In closing, Haldimand requests that a new Chief Justice be found for the province. The original letter from Haldimand to Shelburne is held at the British Library and referenced in the Calendar of the Haldimand Papers, Archives Report, 1885, p. 346. Our "duplicate" may be Haldimand's kept copy.

Livius was not well liked by his superiors throughout his career and showed an *ability to generate personal animosities.* He resided

in New Hampshire from 1763 to 1772 and was appointed to the post of justice of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas in 1768 from which he was removed by Governor Benning Wentworth who considered him to be "factious and self-serving". Guy Carleton also deemed him as "turbulent and factious" and resented that Livius was appointed as Chief Justice ahead of his own personal choice for the position and felt that Livius was unqualified for the position. (DCB: Vol. IV).

- [35] [Ile Perrot ferry]. Autograph document submitted to the Montreal magistrates by Pierre Poirier dit Deloge requesting that he be granted a license to operate a ferry on the St. Lawrence River from the southwest corner of Ile Perrot, Quebec, to Quinchien. Signed Pierre Poirier (his mark). With: Petition of Ile Perrot citizens supporting Poirier's application. April, 1803. 1 p. on 2 l., plus docket. Paper watermarked with a fleur-de-lis. 24.3 x 19.9 cm. Two folds; paper little yellowed, o/w v.g.-fine. Petition dated April 12, 1803. 1 p. (1 l.). 19.6 x 16.1 cm. Repaired horizontal tear along fold to center of document, o/w v.g. \$550.00

The petition lists twenty-six supporters who have signed, most of them with their marks. *Quinchien, river, in the S. of Vaudreuil, runs N.E. and near the village of Vaudreuil and falls into a bay that lies between Isle Perrot and the Lake of Two Mountains.* (Source: *The British Dominions in North America; or a topographical and statistical description of the Provinces of Lower and Upper Canada ...* by Joseph Bouchette. London, 1831).

A Rare Major André Artifact

- [36] **Lossing, Benson J.** A.L.s. from W.C. Crane to Lossing with the latter's note of what his reply was written on verso. New York. October 27, 1885. 2 p. (1 l.). 22.8 x 14.5 cm. Two folds, o/w fine. \$250.00

W.C. Crane writes to Benson J. Lossing regarding the upcoming auction of a watch purported to be that of Major John André, a British soldier captured by the Americans in 1780 and accused of being a spy and co-conspirator of Benedict Arnold. André attempted to bargain his release by offering his watch and horse to his captors. André went to trial and was found guilty and executed on October 2, 1780. Crane, a New York City collector, was interested in acquiring his watch but was unsure if it was the real thing. Lossing's notes concerning his reply to Crane's query are on the verso of the letter and are dated Nov. 14, 1885 - the day of the auction. He noted that if the watch was inscribed with the word "Abby", that it was genuine, and at the end he remarked, *It seems Mr. Crane did not buy it.*

Benson J. Lossing, 1813-1891, was an American historian and author known for his books on the American Revolution and Civil War.

Photographica

- [37] **Klondike.** Amateur photograph album containing images of life in the Yukon, including views depicting gold mining, shipping, Eskimos, the N.W.M.P., cities, towns and villages, etc. Part of the album consists of photographs of similar content taken in California. Ca. December 1910 to January, 1911. 80 pages, 75 which contain photographs pasted on black photo album paper; 176 photographs in all (1 missing). Photographs are black and white with some sepia and each is described by a caption written in white ink. Photograph sizes range from 1" x 1" to 5" x 7". Black leatherette album which is worn. Photographs are generally sharp; however three of the sepia images are somewhat faded. \$2750.00

The first forty-six pages (93 photos) relate to the Yukon. The rest of the album contains some mining and travel photos from Feather River (Northern California), Lake Tahoe, Humboldt Bay (Northern California), Halfmoon Bay (B.C.), Russian River (Northern California) and San Francisco. At the end of the album are some family photos. One of the photographs shows Lucky Baldwin's home in Lake Tahoe. Baldwin made his fortune by providing food, supplies and shelter to gold miners in California. The name A.B. Smith is written at the upper left corner of the first two pages. This was possibly the album's owner and perhaps compiler, but no information could be found on him. Page seven contains a photograph with a caption written in the first person, but no name is given.

- [38] **Leacock, Stephen.** Panoramic photograph of a *Presentation Dinner to Dr. Stephen Leacock, May 4th, 1936.*
Montreal. Y. Doucet, Photographer. 19 x 48.5 cm. Fine. \$600.00

The photograph depicts the banquet held at the Ritz Carlton in Montreal by students honouring Stephen Leacock, longtime McGill professor, who was forced to retire by the University. This was likely framed at Bennett's Art Store (Laurier Ave. in 1936), as indicated on the verso of the photograph which has been removed from the frame (available if desired).

Stephen Butler Leacock, 1869-1944, had taught at McGill University from 1901 till his retirement in 1936.

Numismatic Material

- [39] **Alberta Provincial Rifle Assn.** on circular banner enclosing a shield of the province; below, 1902. Rev. Engraved at top, in curve, M.H.M.R.A.; within wreath, below, AWARDED/FOR - engraved, 1st PRIZE/decoration/E. SILLAR/1925. ar. 35 mm. by Roden Bros. (their mark). fixed and insert ring suspensions. v.f. \$125.00

- [40] [**Bicycles**]. Thos. Plimley Bicycles and Automobiles, Victoria, B.C. The firm was offering Singer, Humber, Massey-Harris & Enfield bicycles, and Russell & Daimler cars. Rev. Good Luck, &c. ae. gilt. 31 mm. \$60.00

The firm was in business starting from the first decade of the 20th century. This token, advertising as it does both bicycles and automobiles probably dates to the period of the First World War.

- [41] **Calvary Congregational Church for the Congregational College of B.N.A., Montreal, 1874.** Group of three medals in white metal, bronze, and silver. The w.m. piece is v.f., with some small edge nicks; the bronze and silver medals are both extremely fine. \$375.00

Some members of the Calvary Church determined on issuing this medal which was to be awarded in silver annually to the most excellent student completing his college course in the study of church history in the theological courses of the Congregational College. Though not signed by the artist, they appear to be of similar workmanship to those produced by Hendery.

- [42] **Canadian Military and Naval Meal Ticket for 75 Cents.** Issued by the Grand Trunk Railway System. Vesp. date-stamped May 29/19. The ticket was good only when presented with valid transportation. mauve and white. rect. 3.1 x 5.7 cm. \$125.00

These tickets were probably used by the troops returning from overseas.

- [43] **Communion token.** St. Andrews Church, 1823. Kingston, U.C. Bowman 88. Charlton 276a. w.m. fine. \$100.00

This token was probably used till about 1841 when replaced by Bowman 89, a more traditional looking token. The shape of this token, with its scalloped cut corners is different from all other types.

- [44] **Figure Skating Championships of Canada.** Medal for 2nd prize, 1920, for Pairs. The winners are named as B. MacDougall & A.E. Howard as engraved on the rev. The obv. depicts a winged pair of skates, and A.S.A.C. below (Amateur Skating Association of Canada). **With:** another medal of the Association, awarded by The Winter Club as a 3rd Class Test to Miss MacDougall, Montreal (undated). 2 pcs. ae. by Birks. 25 mm. fixed and loose ring suspenders. \$75.00

- [45] **France. Jeton of les Extraordinaire des Guerres, 1762,** representing the "Preliminary Articles of Peace" contracted between Great Britain, France, and Spain at Fontainebleau on November 3rd, 1762. Obv. Bust to right of Louis XV by Filius. Rev. Pallas with sword in her right hand; inscription: BELLA MANU PACEMQUE GERO. In exergue, 1762.

Feuradent, vol. I, no. 866. ar. original with lightly milled edge. 28 mm. e.f., very attractively toned. \$375.00

This piece has not been noted by North American cataloguers, one of a number not recorded relating to the various treaties and articles of peace affecting North America.

[46] Hull Electric Co. Bi-metallic transportation tokens of the company. al. with copper L through, and copper with al. L through token. Atwood 345 c, d. 2 pcs. v.f. \$75.00

[47] Love token. Bank of Upper Canada penny, 1850, the rev. of which has the name H. Addlesay on the horizontal part of a ribbon which extends both upward and downward from its central band; stipple engraved in field, and with border composed of arrow points, each of which contain what appear to be fleur-de-lis. very attractive piece which has been gilt, and bears a pinback. v.f. \$125.00

[48] Montreal/Figure Skating/Club. ar. and black enamel pin by Birks, ca. 1940s. shield-shaped, approx. 25 x 20 mm. v.f. \$60.00

[49] [Newfoundland]. Obv.-THE FIRST WOMAN TO CROSS THE ATLANTIC BY AIRPLANE-/AMELIA EARHART. Helmetted profile portrait of the aviator in center. Rev. NEWFOUNDLAND JUNE 17-SOUTH WALES JUNE 18-1928. silver-plated ae. (usually described as ar.) 32 mm. v.f. \$75.00

Though she didn't do the actual flying, Amelia Earhart still has the status of being the first woman to fly across the Atlantic, arriving in Wales 21 hours after their departure from Newfoundland. Unfortunately, she was made even more famous when she disappeared during an around-the-world attempt in 1937. The assumption was that she crashed, but various theories emerged including one which suggested that she and her navigator, Fred Noonan were on a spy mission to chart Japanese positions in the Pacific.

[50] Northwest Rebellion. EXHIBITION/SOUVENIR. In centre, on scroll, FISH CREEK/BATOCHÉ/CUT KNIFE. Rev. THE/DOMINION/MUST & SHALL/BE/PRESERVED/1885; all within a wreath of maple leaves with beaver at top between wreath opening. Ler. 1510, though this variety depicts the beaver gnawing on a sprig. Struck by W. H. Banfield, Toronto, to be sold as souvenirs w.m. 32.5 mm. pierced for suspension. very fine. \$125.00

[51] [Northwest Rebellion]. Orangeman medal commemorating the execution of Thomas Scott by Louis Riel. (Scott Memorial Orange Hall) The cornerstone for the Orange Hall was laid on July 12, 1900. Obv. (William of Orange on horseback, 1690) MEN. T. SCOTT, around, at top. MURDERED AT FORT GARRY, MARCH 4TH, 1870. around, at bottom. ae. 38 mm. pierced at top for susp. which is not present. e.f. \$125.00

The medal usually occurs in gilt ae.

[52] Toronto Industrial Exhibition. Grand Trunk Ry. ticket for the exhibition, 1889. The ticket was good from Toronto to Exhibition grounds and return, and was good for one journey going and returning. Verso is blank. punched for use. pale green and white card. rect. 3.1 x 5.6 cm. fine, little dampstaining. probably rare. \$150.00

[53] Vail, Theodore Newton. Large bronze portrait medal commemorating the meeting of the American Telephone and Telegraph to the telephone pioneers of America. Montreal, September 10, 1920. The rev. border depicts a series of telephone receivers; the obv. inscription states HE MADE NEIGHBOURS OF A HUNDRED MILLION PEOPLE. 77 mm.v.f.-e.f. \$125.00

[54] World War I. Welcome Home medal. VICTORIA COUNTY'S WELCOME TO RETURNED SOLDIERS, around. C.E.F., at bottom. (shield bearing arms of the county) COUNTY OF VICTORIA on scroll beneath shield. Rev. 59239/PTE. H.B. DAVEY/21st B'n C.E.F./OCT. 24TH/1919 engraved in script, within wreath of oak leaves. fixed and loose ring. susp. supporting red ribbon to which is attached a bar with pinback. ae. gilt. 31 mm. e.f. \$75.00

round the Cuff embroidered

1 Row for a General (Lined)

2 " for a Colonel (Lined)

3 " for a Lt Colonel Major

3 " for a Capt. (Lined)

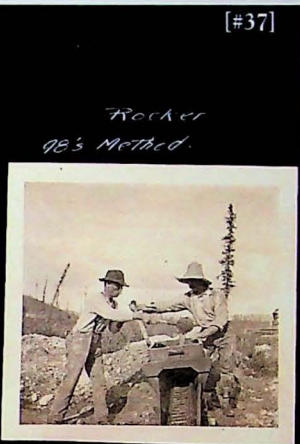
2 " for an Major "

— Please turn over

[#23]



Fanning
49's method



Rockier
98's Method

Quebec 17th August 1776.

Duplicate
(V.G.)

My Lord

I have the Honor to inclose for Your Lordships Consideration a Letter & Memorial (and before me by the Commissioners for securing the Office of Chief Justice in this Province) — It is likewise necessary I should request Your Lordships that the Applications therein Mentioned for their Salary have been regularly Made to Me, and having been refused by a Letter from the Minister dated 22nd June 1776 to Say Mr. Lewis the Salary as Chief Justice and at the same time informed that he was ordered to Return to this Province, in constant expectation of his arrival, I delayd Complying with the Request of these Gentlemen in Submitting their Claims to the Minister, which in Justice to them I can no longer do — and as I do not think proper to order Payment of so large a Sum as their Salary has accumulated to, without Your Lordships Approbation, I think it my duty to Submit the Papers of it to Your Lordships Consideration, particularly as I have every Reason to be Satisfied with their Conduct in the Discharge of that Office which, as a Temporary one is very unthankful, and cannot feel, especially in times like these, attending the ill Well and Person of many

on

The Right Honourable
The Earl of Shelburne

[#34]



[#38]

Presentation Dinner
to the 25th Regiment, 1880
May 20th 1880



[#41]

Grand Trunk Railway System
Canadian Military and Naval
Meal Ticket

[#42] 75 Cents

Good only when presented with valid transportation. Form M.N.M.5

09163



[#45]

GRAND TRUNK R.Y.
Toronto Industrial Exhibition, 1889.

TORONTO
TO
EXHIBITION GROUNDS & RET

Good only for one journey going and returning on date of issue. Not transferable.

[#52]

8792



[#50]



[#51]